

## Density of ammonia at the boiling point of nitrogen

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### Requirement:

- minimize the contribution of the density of the target material to the experimental systematic uncertainties, through the dilution factor  $f$  and the packing fraction.

### Solution:

- measure  $\rho_{\text{NH}_3}$ ,  $\rho_{\text{ND}_3}$  at the boiling point of nitrogen (77.35 K) with better than 2% accuracy.

- extrapolate existing  $\rho_{\text{NH}_3}$  data at higher (and lower) temperatures to the polarized target operating point: 1 K.

### Technique:

- as reported at the experiment E143 meeting of Jan. 29, 1993, we use an electronic balance, with serial (RS-232) readout, connected to an IBM PC compatible computer.

The balance reads the weight of the ammonia samples loaded in a volumetric flask immersed in a dewar full of liquid nitrogen, once per second, as the  $\text{LN}_2$  evaporates.

$\text{LN}_2$  is added to the flask and the total volume ( $\text{LN}_2$  + ammonia) is read several times, while the computer records the weight.

The data are collected by a spreadsheet program (AS-EASY-AS.. V5.5) and stored directly in the cells of a worksheet for reduction and analysis

## Results

### Density of nitrogen at the boiling point.

Review of existing data:

Temperature	Density	Reference
77.35 K (extrapolated from data at 70 to 76 K)	<b>805.9</b> [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	<i>Thermodynamic Properties of Nitrogen</i> , N.N. Sychev <i>et al.</i> , 1987, p.147-150.
77.25 K	28.881 [mol/l]= <b>809.1</b> [g/l]	<i>CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics</i> , 71st. Ed., 1991, p. 6-17.
-195.8° C (77.35 K)	<b>.8081</b> [g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	Loc. cit., p. 4-84.
Liq. @ boiling pt.	<b>804</b> [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Loc. cit., p. 6-97
77.35 K	1.239 [dm <sup>3</sup> /kg]= <b>807.1</b> [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	<i>Tables of the Thermophysical Properties of Liquids and Gases</i> , N. Vargaftik, 1975, p. 433.
-195.84° C (77.31 K)	<b>.808<sub>4</sub></b>	<i>A.I.P. Handbook of Physics</i> , 2nd. ed. 1963, p. 2-155
77.35 K	<b>.81</b> [g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	<i>Smithsonian Physical Tables</i> , 9 ed., rev., 1969, p. 291.

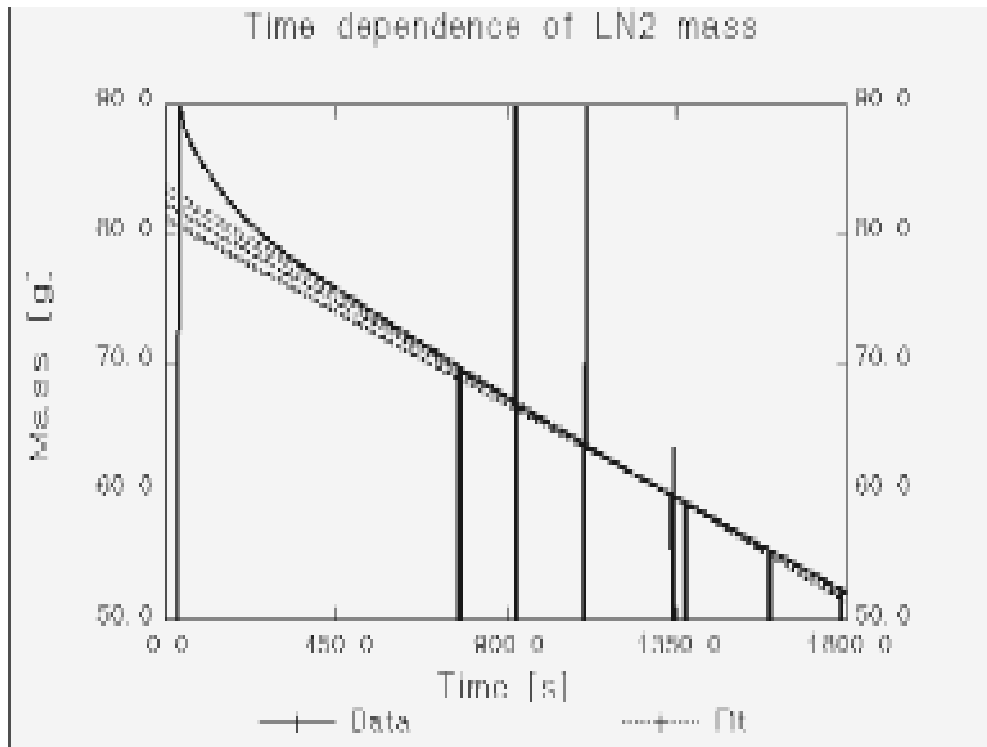
Comments:

These values have a standard deviation of 0.002 [g/ml]. It is not clear how to combine them. A weighted average with 0.001 [g/ml] uncertainties for all values except the last one (0.01 g/ml ) is:

$$\mathbf{.806 \text{ [g/ml]} \pm 0.004 \text{ [g/ml]}}$$

where the error reflects the contributions of different temperatures, techniques and age of the values.

Measurement:



Fitted values:

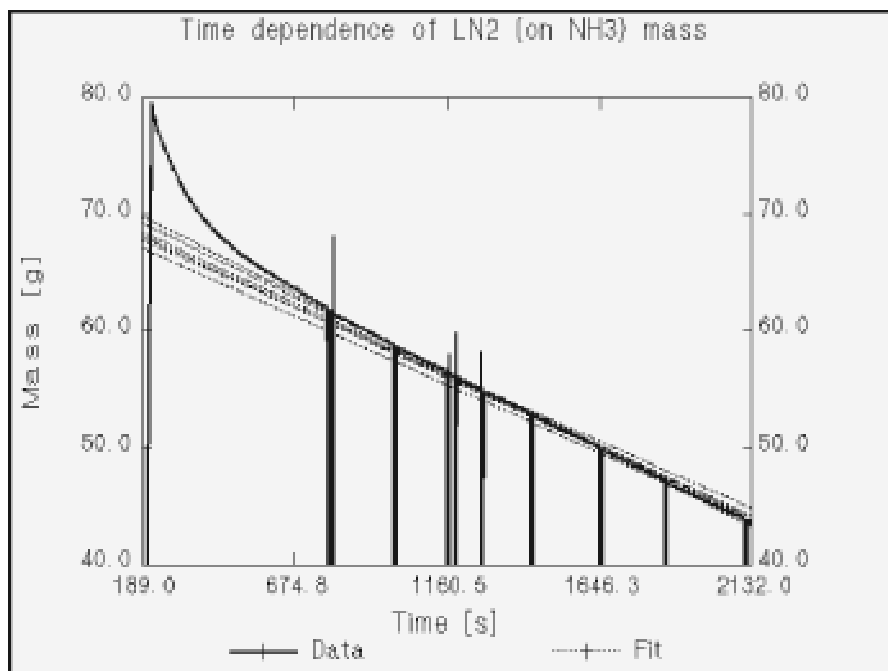
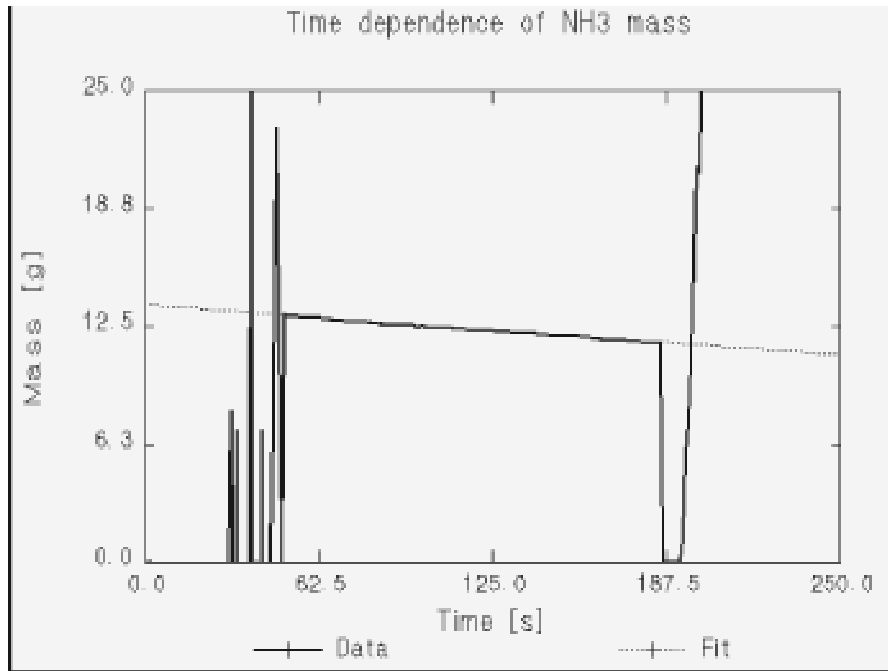
Reading	LN2 vol	LN2 mass	LN2 rho	$(\delta\rho_N/\rho_N)$
	ml	g	g/ml	
1	103.3	83.67	0.810	0.11%
2	102.8	83.06	0.808	0.19%
3	102.5	82.12	0.801	0.13%
4	102.2	82.32	0.805	0.12%
5	102.1	80.95	0.793	1.41%
6	102.0	81.28	0.797	0.12%
7	101.9	81.28	0.798	0.16%

Results:

Density	Simple	Weighted	
$\langle\rho\rangle$	0.8034	0.8051	<b>g/ml</b>
$\delta\rho$	0.0024	0.0004	<b>g/ml</b>
$\delta\rho/\rho$	0.3%	0.05%	

## Density of ordinary ammonia

### Measurements:



Fitted values:

Reading	Tot Vol	LN2 mass	LN2 Vol	NH3 Vol	NH3 rho	( $\delta\rho_A/\rho_A$ )
	ml	g	ml	ml	g/ml	
1	102.1	69.76	86.64	15.46	0.88	2.92%
2	101.7	69.17	85.92	15.78	0.86	2.82%
3	101.2	67.70	84.09	17.11	0.79	3.07%
4	100.9	68.40	84.96	15.94	0.85	2.85%
5	100.6	68.00	84.46	16.14	0.84	2.72%
6	100.4	68.04	84.51	15.89	0.86	2.81%
7	100.2	67.03	83.25	16.95	0.80	2.53%

Results:

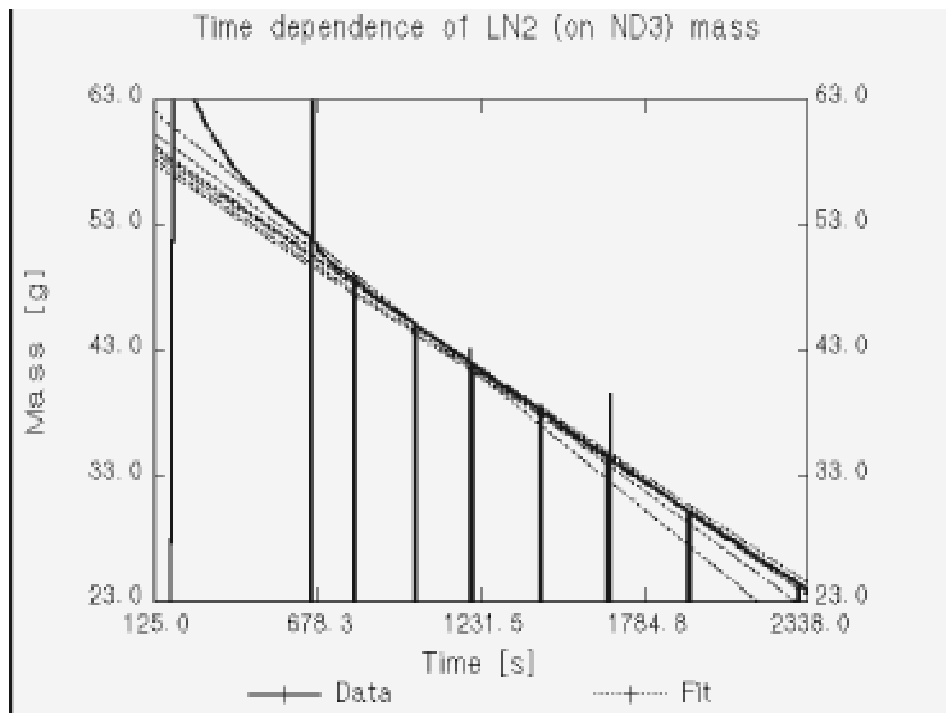
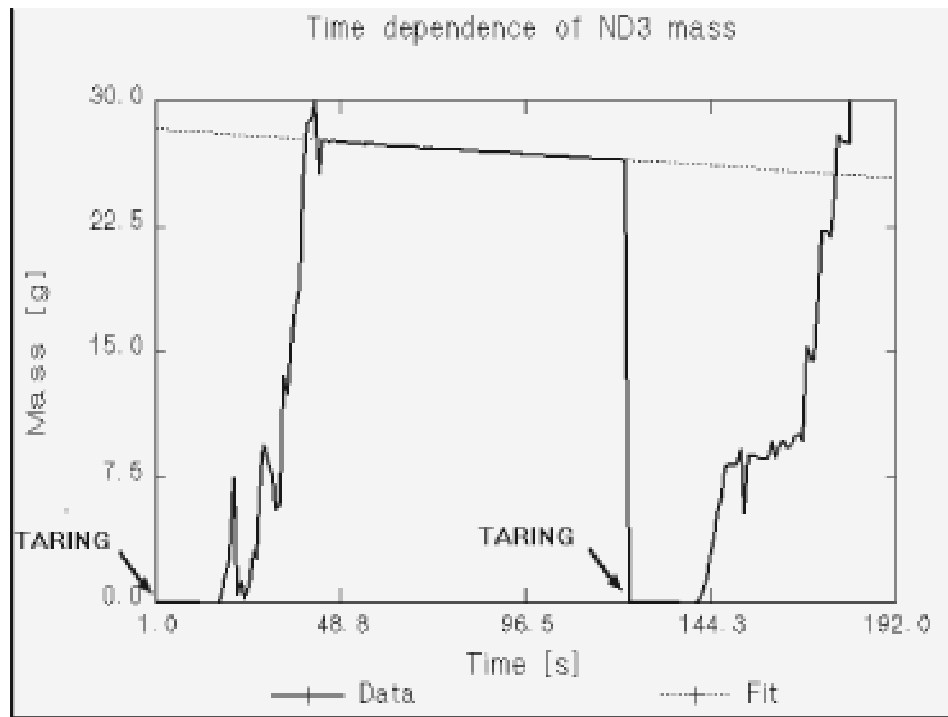
<b>NH3 mass</b>	13.595	<b>g</b>	
<b>d_m_NH3</b>	0.012	<b>g</b>	
<b>Density</b>	<b>Simple</b>	<b>Weighted</b>	
$\langle\rho\rangle$	0.843	0.840	<b>g/ml</b>
$\delta\rho$	0.012	0.009	<b>g/ml</b>
$\delta\rho/\rho$	1.41%	1.06%	

Comments:

Value agrees within errors with line fit to other measurements of solid ammonia density versus temperature, from the freezing point of ammonia to the boiling point of nitrogen.

## Density of deuterated ammonia

### Measurements:



Fitted values:

Reading	Tot Vol	LN2 mass	LN2 Vol	ND3 Vol	ND3 rho	( $\delta\rho_A/\rho_A$ )
	ml	g	ml	ml	g/ml	
1	103.9	61.99	77.00	26.90	1.05	1.53%
2	103.6	60.82	75.54	28.06	1.01	1.84%
3	103.4	59.82	74.30	29.10	0.97	1.92%
4	103.2	59.42	73.80	29.40	0.96	1.65%
5	103.0	59.77	74.24	28.76	0.98	1.74%
6	102.8	60.05	74.59	28.21	1.00	1.83%
7	102.7	58.96	73.23	29.47	0.96	1.65%
8	102.5	58.56	72.74	29.76	0.95	1.67%

Results:

ND3 mass	28.26	g	
d_m_ND3	0.02	g	
Density	Simple	Weighted	
$\langle\rho\rangle$	0.988	0.987	g/ml
$\delta\rho$	0.012	0.006	g/ml
$\delta\rho/\rho$	1.19%	0.61%	

Comments:

The ratio of the densities ( $\rho_{\text{NH}_3}/\rho_{\text{ND}_3}$ ) = **0.8511** is equal (within the uncertainties of the measurements) to the ratio of the molecular weights ( $M_{\text{NH}_3}/M_{\text{ND}_3}$ ) = **0.8493**. This is expected to be the case since both material have the same crystalline structure. The same ratio is seen for the two measurements of the lattice constant:  $0.861/1.02 = \mathbf{0.8441}$ . This is also the case of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{D}_2\text{O} = 0.9047$  for the density and  $0.8995$  for the weights. This would imply that both substances should have the same  $\rho(t)$  dependence.

